



METHODOLOGICAL DEVELOPMENT FOR IMPROVING SDP AND DDP

(Support for Statistical Strengthening Schemes)

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GOVERNMENT OF NAGALAND
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PREFACE

The Gross State Domestic Production (GSDP) is one of the most important indicators to measure the economic growth and development of the State. With the increase in economic activities in the State and to know and understand the economy at sub State level, the estimation of District Domestic Product (DDP) has assumed paramount importance. In this context, the National Accounts Division (NAD), National Statistics Office (NSO), Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation (MoSPI), New Delhi has urge all the State to bring out the District Domestic product (DDP) figures to understand the regional disparities and development of Districts of the Districts across the country.

Towards this ends, the Directorate of Economics & Statistics has been undertaking a number of surveys and types studies on different sectors along with the methodological development for improving the State Domestic Product (SDP) and District Domestic Product (DDP) under the “Support for Statistical Strengthening” (SSS) scheme. Once the DDP is estimated it will throw light on the structure of the economy at the Sub State level and help to make a proper understanding of the contribution from the different Districts of the State.

It is hope that the developed methodologies will lead to a successful estimation of District Domestic Product and useful for policy intervention.

Place:

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1. INTRODUCTION

Methodological Development for improving State Domestic Product and District Domestic Product.

State Domestic Product (SDP) which is also called as the State Income is the total money value of all the goods and services produce within the economy during a specific period of time (usually a year). It is one of the best indicators which highlight the economics development of the State. The component of SDP, throw light on the structure of the economy and help to make a proper understanding of the contribution from the different sector of the economy. It is through the SDP that the Per Capita Income of the State is determined.

The Directorate of Economics & Statistics, Nagaland has been estimating the annual State Domestic Product of the State using the methodologies as make available by the National Account Division (NAD), National Statistics Office (NSO), Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation, New Delhi.

Of late, NAD, NSO have been impressing upon the State to undertake the task of estimating the District Domestic Product (DDP). District Domestic Product (DDP) is a vital indicator to assess the level of development of the districts. The estimated DDP in turn will throw light on the disparity in the development among the districts within the State. Like SDP, it is through the DDP that the Per Capita Income of the District is estimated.

Given the data deficiencies at the sub-State level and the requirement of district level data on DDP to assess the level of disparity in development, the methodological development for improving the State Domestic Product (SDP) and District Domestic Product (DDP) was undertaken by the Economics & Statistics Department under the Support for Statistical Strengthening (SSS) sub-schemes, a central sector schemes implemented by the Economics & Statistics Department.

1.1 Methodological Development for improving State Domestic Products.

In the exercise undertaken for improving SDP, it was found that the estimation of SDP was done with the best practices/methodologies/formulas made available by the NAD, NSO New Delhi. Thus, for the present moment the need for methodological improvement were not felt. Hence, it was decided to continue with the present available methodologies/formulas for estimation of SDP.

1.2 **Methodological Development for improving District Domestic Products.**

The estimation of District Domestic Product (DDP) requires lots of data to bring out proper and reliable estimates. As the State does not have a proper mechanism to capture data at the sub State level, the estimation of DDP could not be initiated in the past years. The Directorate of Economics & Statistics in this regards has been making serious endeavour to bring out the estimates of DDP.

Keeping the estimation of DDP as the sole target, the directorate of Economics & Statistics under the Support for Statistical Strengthening (SSS) sub- schemes, a central sector schemes has been initiating a number of type studies and surveys for capturing the data for filling the loop hole in the data gap. Some of the survey/type studies undertaken are; Survey on Hotels & Restaurants, Listing of Factories to capture the workforce, Survey on Minor Minerals for input cost, Survey on Other Services and Cost of cultivation study.

The data as obtained from the survey will be used along with the normal data as available from the line departments.

It is also to mention that, for the Primary sector the methodologies for estimation of DDP will be in sync with the SDP estimation. However, in the Secondary and Tertiary sector unlike the Primary sector, the methodologies for estimation mostly relies on the rate and ratio made available by NAD, NSO New Delhi. This rate and ratios used for estimation of SDP are not available for the sub State level; DES has therefore adopted the next best alternative indices available.

It is also to be noted that, the summation of the DDP will have to be in conformity with the SDP of the State. Given this, there is every likelihood of the summation of DDP to be in variance with the SDP. To avoid such a scenario, DES has adopted an indirect system of allocating the sub sector of SDP basing on the best available data in the District.

2. METHODOLOGY FOR SECTOR WISE ESTIMATION OF DDP.

2.1 PRIMARY SECTOR

District wise estimation of primary sectors are complied by production approach, the district level data are available from different line departments of the Government. The following methods are used for estimation of the primary sector (Crops, Livestock, Fisheries, Forestry).

Current value = Production * Current price

Constant value = Production * Base year prices

Backyard / Kitchen Garden: value of backyard is .21% of net area sown under land use statistics (LUS from Directorate of Agriculture)

Gross Value Added = Gross value of Output – Input cost

Input cost :

Pesticide, fertilizer: Value of Input =Quantity consumed* Prices

Irrigation charges: From the State Government budget.

Market charges for Crops :

3.22% of * value of output (Market Margin survey 2004-05, as received from NSO)

Market charges for Livestock :

Rates in Rs./animal * No. of slaughtered animal

2.1.1 Mining & Quarrying:

The estimation of Gross Value Added (GVA) for Coal, Sand and Petroleum & Natural gas under Mining & Quarrying is done basing on the enterprise approach by the NAD, NSO, New Delhi. Therefore, the GVA of the sub-sector for the State is simply the allocation made by NAD. In the process for making allocation for the State, NAD relies on the proportionate ratio of the quantity furnished by the State for Coal and Sand and Number of employees under PSU for Petroleum & Natural gas.

For allocation of the State share among the district for DDP estimation, the producing district will be given its due share corresponding to the ratio of their production in the State total production.

Example: Under mining and quarrying for coal, the State of Nagaland was allocated an amount of Rs.17233 lakh for the year 2020-21. To distribute this amount among the districts, each coal producing district will be allocated a share corresponding to the ratio of its production in the total production of coal as highlighted below.

PRODUCTION OF COAL

SN	Districts	Production of Coal in 2021	Percentage share of the Districts	State GVA of Coal for the 2020-21 (Rs. in lakh)	Share of the District from State GVA (Rs. in lakh) i.e, percentage/100*State GVA
1	Kohima	0	0.00	17233	0.00
2	Dimapur	0	0.00		0.00
3	Peren	0	0.00		0.00
4	Mokokchung	79400	23.61		4068.57
5	Tuensang	38400	11.42		1967.67
6	Mon	94200	28.01		4826.94
7	Zunheboto	0	0.00		0.00
8	Wokha	51060	15.18		2616.39
9	Phek	0	0.00		0.00
10	Kiphire	0	0.00		0.00
11	Longleng	73250	21.78		3753.43
	Total	336310	100.00		17233

Source: Directorate of Geology & Mining.

2.2 SECONDARY SECTOR:

The Secondary sector comprises of Manufacturing, Electricity, Gas, Water supply, Other Utility and Construction. The peculiarity of the Secondary sector is that, no disaggregated districts wise data that can be used for DDP estimation are available; therefore an indirect method of allocating the State GVA of the sub sector in the Secondary is to be followed in the estimation of the DDP.

For example, the Budget of the State Government does not have a segregated Budget data for the districts, therefore the sub-sector data on Electricity and Water supply where State Government is sole supplier in the public sector cannot be directly obtained from the Budget. In this context, the next best alternative data available for apportioning the sub-sector GVA to the district is the State Government data of Personnel Information Management System (PIMS) where district wise numbers of State Government employees are stored. Accordingly the data of PIMS was adopted for Electricity, Water Supply and the public part of Construction sector.

2.2.1 Manufacturing:

For Manufacturing, in view of the State not participating in the Annual Survey of Industries (ASI) due to the limited number of factories in the State, the district wise data of manufacturing are not available. Given this shortfall in data, the DES has conducted a survey on the listing of factories, where all the operating factories are surveyed and the numbers of employees are captured. Accordingly, the percentage of district wise number of employees in the factories will be utilised for allocation of the GVA of the Manufacturing in the estimation of DDP.

During 2020-21, the GVA of Manufacturing for the State was Rs.32329 lakh. An example for allocating this amount to the district is highlighted below.

GVA For Manufacturing

District-wise Number of worker employed by Factories in Nagaland

SN	Districts	Number of Worker in Factories	Percentage share of the Districts	State GVA of Manufacturing for the 2020-21(Rs. in lakh)	Share of the District from State GVA (Rs. in lakh) i.e, percentage/100*State GVA
1	Kohima	1002	22.04	32329	7125.75
2	Dimapur	1734	38.14		12331.39
3	Mokokchung	649	14.28		4615.38
4	Zunheboto	69	1.52		490.70
5	Wokha	273	6.01		1941.45
6	Mon	233	5.13		1656.99
7	Tuensang	76	1.67		540.48
8	Phek	320	7.04		2275.69
9	Peren	118	2.60		839.16
10	Kiphire	65	1.43		462.25
11	Longleng	7	0.15		49.78
Total		4546	100.00		32329.00

Source: Listing of Factories 2020, DES Nagaland.

2.3 TERTIARY SECTOR:

The estimation of GVA of all the activities in the Tertiary sector except the public part (Government sector) are solely base on the indirect method using the rate and ratio make available by the NAD, NSO New Delhi. These rate and ratio are not available for the sub State level. In this regards, for allocating the GVA of the sub sector of Tertiary sector to the district in the estimation of DDP, the indirect method of allocation basing on the best available indicators is adopted.

2.3.1 Trade & Repairs Services

The allocation of the GVA of the Trade & Repairs Services of the State to the districts is derived from the 6th Economic Census data on the number of employment in Trade & Repairs Services.

During 2020-21, the GVA of Trade & Repairs Services for the State was Rs.183449 lakh. The allocation of this amount to the district will be as given below.

GVA for Trade & Repairs Services

6th EC data on Whole sale trade, retail trade & repair of motor vehicles & motor cycles

SN	District	Total No. of Persons Employed	Percentage of the district employees	GVA of Trade & Repairs Services in 2020-21 (Rs. in Lakh)	Share of the district from State GVA of the Trade & Repairs Services (Rs. in Lakh) i.e, percentage/100* State GVA
1	Mon	226	4.88	183449	8960
2	Mokokchung	422	9.12		16731
3	Zunheboto	81	1.75		3211
4	Wokha	172	3.72		6819
5	Dimapur	2850	61.59		112995
6	Phek	87	1.88		3449
7	Tuensang	94	2.03		3727
8	Longleng	38	0.82		1507
9	Kiphire	12	0.26		476
10	Kohima	569	12.30		22559
11	Peren	76	1.64		3013
	Total	4627	100		183449

Source: 6th Economic Census.

2.3.2 Financial Services:

The Banking and Insurance institution with their pan India presence comes under the category of Supra Regional sector, as such the GVA of this sub sector comes from the NAD, NSO, New Delhi. Given this, the GVA of the State from Financial Services have to be distributed among the district for DDP estimation. Towards this ends, the best available indices to be adopted is the district wise volume of transaction of the banks available from the Lead bank.

During 2020-21, the GVA of Financial Services for the State was Rs.87269 lakh. The allocation of this amount to the district will be as given below.

GVA of Financial Services

District-wise data on Advances issued by Banking Institution, Nagaland 2020-21

SN	District	Advances of Bank as on 31.3.2021 (Rs. in lakh)	District wise percentage of Advances made by Banks	GVA of the Financial services for the year 2020-21 (Rs. in lakh)	Share of the district from State GVA of the Financial Services (Rs. in Lakh) i.e, percentage/100* State GVA
1	Kohima	137399.40	21.05	87269	18372.13
2	Dimapur	300364.05	46.02		40162.68
3	Longleng	7306.31	1.12		976.95
4	Mon	20178.06	3.09		2698.08
5	Kiphire	11581.92	1.77		1548.66
6	Mokokchung	60694.23	9.30		8115.63
7	Wokha	24483.91	3.75		3273.83
8	Zunheboto	25493.54	3.91		3408.83
9	Phek	21906.00	3.36		2929.12
10	Tuensang	28718.28	4.40		3840.02
11	Peren	14531.77	2.23		1943.09
TOTAL		652657.47	100.00		87269.00

Source : Lead Bank, Kohima

2.3.3 Public Administration:

Public Administration comprises of the general services of the Government. At the State level, the data of the GVA of the general services of the Government are obtained from the annual Government Budget. For the districts, the Budget of the Government does have the breakup of the general services to be taken up in the districts.

In this regards, for allocation of the GVA of the Public Administration of the State to the districts for the purpose of DDP estimation, the Personnel Information Management System (PIMS) data on the number of employees in the district administration is adopted.

During 2020-21, the GVA of Public Administration for the State was Rs.601590 lakh. The allocation of this amount to the district will be as given below.

GVA of Public Administration

Number of Employees under the District Administration

SN	District	Employees	Percentage of the Employees	State GVA of Public Administration (Rs. in lakh)	Share of the districts from Public Administration (Rs. in lakh) i.e, Percentage/100*State GVA
1	Dimapur	317	8.17	601590	49175.87
2	Kiphire	254	6.55		39402.75
3	Kohima	469	12.09		72755.47
4	Longleng	238	6.14		36920.69
5	Mokokchung	322	8.30		49951.52
6	Mon	455	11.73		70583.66
7	Peren	196	5.05		30405.27
8	Phek	274	7.07		42505.33
9	Tuensang	455	11.73		70583.66
10	Wokha	443	11.42		68722.12
11	Zunheboto	455	11.73		70583.66
	Total	3878	100.00		601590.00

Source: Personnel Information Management System (PIMS), GoN

3. ADOPTED METHODOLOGIES FOR DDP.

SN	Item	Methodology	Remark	Indices Table No.
1	Crops	GVO= Price * Production.	For Input the same rate as NSO will be adopted.	
2	Livestock	GVO= Price * Production.	For Input and rate of production, the same rate as NSO will be adopted.	
3	Forestry and logging	GVO= Price * Production.	For Input the same rate as NSO will be adopted.	
4	Fishing and aquaculture	GVO= Price * Production.	For Input the same rate as NSO will be adopted.	
5	Mining and quarrying	The allocation for State made by NSO will be distributed in proportion to the respective district wise production.	In the absence of State share from NSO, the usual production approach will be adopted along with the Input rate of NSO	Table No.1
6	Manufacturing	The State GVA for Manufacturing will be allocated to the respective District based on the District wise number of Labour/ Worker/employees	List of factories/employees district wise is available from the listing of factories carried out during 2020.	Table No.2
7	Electricity, Gas, Water supply & Other utility services	The State GVA for the subsector will be allocated to the respective District based on the District wise number of Labour /Worker/ employees.	Water supply and Electricity to be base on PIMS data base, Government of Nagaland and Gas and Other Utility Services to be base on 6 th Economic Census	Table No.3 (Electricity) Table No.4 (Water supply) Table No. 5 (Gas) Table No. 6 (Sewages)
8	Construction	The State GVA for Construction allocated to the respective District based on the District wise number of Labour/Worker/employees in the Construction sector	*Alternative data 6 th EC/ Business Register no of workers.	Table No. 7
9	Trade, repair	6 th EC data on Whole sale trade, retail trade & repair of motor vehicles & motor cycles		Table No. 8
11	Hotels & restaurants	The State GVA for Hotels and Restaurants will be allocated to the respective District based on the District wise number of Labour/Worker/ employees.	Survey data of Hotel & Rest/ GST	Table No. 9

12	Railways	GVA allocation base on District wise length of Railways	Presently only to Dimapur	
13	Road transport	GVA allocation based on district wise no. of vehicles registration	* Alternative, 6 th EC data on Transportation.	Table No. 10
15	Air transport	GVA to Dimapur only		
16	Services incidental to transport	GVA allocation based on district wise no. of vehicles registration		Table No. 10
17	Storage	GVA allocation based on District wise capacity of storage facility from Food & Civil supplies dept.	* Alternative, the district wise quantity of food grain allocation	Table No. 11
18	Communication & services related to broadcasting	GVA allocation based on Number of employees in Post office		Table No. 12
19	Financial services	GVA allocation based on District wise Volume of banking transaction		Table No. 13
20	Real estate, ownership of dwelling & professional services	Ownership of Dwelling-GVA of the Sector to be allocation District wise based on the district wise number of dwelling units from census 2011. Professional Services- 6 th EC data.		Table No. 14 (Owner of Dwelling) Table No. 15 (Professional Services)
21	Public administration	GVA allocation based on District wise no of employees under district Administration		Table No. 16
22	Other services	The State GVA for Other services allocated to the respective districts based on the district wise percentage of GVA of the district obtained from the survey on Other Services.	Survey data awaited	
23	Product taxes	District wise respective ratio of GSVA at basic price impose on total product Tax of the State		
24	Product Subsidies	District wise respective ratios of GSVA at basic price impose on total Subsidies of the State.		

N.B- the 7th Economics census data to be assessed once available in the public domain.

4. APPENDIX (District wise Indices)

Table No. 1 : Production of Coal

Sl.No	Districts	Production of Coal in 2021	Percentage share of the Districts
1	Kohima	0	0.00
2	Dimapur	0	0.00
3	Peren	0	0.00
4	Mokokchung	79400	23.61
5	Tuensang	38400	11.42
6	Mon	94200	28.01
7	Zunheboto	0	0.00
8	Wokha	51060	15.18
9	Phek	0	0.00
10	Kiphire	0	0.00
11	Longleng	73250	21.78
	Total	336310	100.00

Source: Directorate of Geology and Mining

Table No. 2 : District-wise Number of worker employed by Factories in Nagaland

Sl.No	Districts	Number of Worker in Factories	Percentage share of the Districts
1	Kohima	1002	22.04
2	Dimapur	1734	38.14
3	Mokokchung	649	14.28
4	Zunheboto	69	1.52
5	Wokha	273	6.01
6	Mon	233	5.13
7	Tuensang	76	1.67
8	Phek	320	7.04
9	Peren	118	2.60
10	Kiphire	65	1.43
11	Longleng	7	0.15
	Total	4546	100.00

Source: Listing of factories, Nagaland, 2020.

Table No. 3 : Number of Workforce in Power Department.

Sl.No	District	No. of Work force	Percentage share of the Districts
1	Dimapur	1029	21.68
2	Kiphire	227	4.78
3	Kohima	1232	25.96
4	Longleng(N/A)	1	0.02
5	Mokokchung	739	15.57
6	Mon	323	6.81
7	Peren	137	2.89
8	Phek	223	4.70
9	Tuensang	245	5.16
10	Wokha	248	5.23
11	Zunheboto	342	7.21
	Total	4746	100.00

Source : Personnel Information Management System, Government of Nagaland, 2018

**Table No. 4 : Number of Workforce in Phelth Health Engineering Department
(Water supply Activities)**

Sl.No	District	No. of Workforce	Percentage share of the Districts
1	Dimapur	653	17.85
2	Kiphire	273	7.46
3	Kohima	689	18.84
4	Longleng	103	2.82
5	Mokokchung	385	10.52
6	Mon	341	9.32
7	Peren	110	3.01
8	Phek	310	8.47
9	Tuensang	338	9.24
10	Wokha	200	5.47
11	Zunheboto	256	7.00
	Total	3658	100.00

Source : Personnel Information Management System, Government of Nagaland, 2018

Table No. 5 : Gas, Steam and Air conditioning supply

Sl.No	District	Total No. of Persons Employed	Percentage share of the District
1	Mon	19	6.17
2	Mokokchung	7	2.27
3	Zunheboto	37	12.01
4	Wokha	10	3.25
5	Dimapur	34	11.04
6	Phek	7	2.27
7	Tuensang	32	10.39
8	Longleng	0	0.00
9	Kiphire	58	18.83
10	Kohima	92	29.87
11	Peren	12	3.90
	Total	308	100.00

Source: 6th Economics Census

Table No. 6 : Sewage, Waste Management and Remediation

Sl.No	District	Total No. of Persons Employed	Percentage share of the District
1	Mon	1	1.33
2	Mokokchung	0	0.00
3	Zunheboto	22	29.33
4	Wokha	8	10.67
5	Dimapur	0	0.00
6	Phek	7	9.33
7	Tuensang	0	0.00
8	Longleng	3	4.00
9	Kiphire	2	2.67
10	Kohima	29	38.67
11	Peren	3	4.00
	Total	75	100.00

Source: 6th Economics Census

Table No. 7: No. of Workforce in construction Department

Sl.No	District	No.of Workforce in Housing	No.of Workforce in Road & Bridges	Sum of Workforce	Percentage share of the Districts
1	Dimapur	653	854	1507	10.53
2	Kiphire	273	320	593	4.14
3	Kohima	689	1590	2279	15.92
4	Longleng	103	262	365	2.55
5	Mokokchung	385	1495	1880	13.14
6	Mon	341	787	1128	7.88
7	Peren	110	534	644	4.50
8	Phek	310	660	970	6.78
9	Tuensang	338	1180	1518	10.61
10	Wokha	200	777	977	6.83
11	Zunheboto	256	2195	2451	17.13
	Total	3658	10654	14312	100.00

Source : Personnel Information Management System, Government of Nagaland, 2018

Table No. 8 : Number of workforce in Whole sale trade, retail trade & repair of motor vehicles & motor cycles

Sl.No	District	Total No. of Persons Employed	Percentage of the district employees
1	Mon	226	4.88
2	Mokokchung	422	9.12
3	Zunheboto	81	1.75
4	Wokha	172	3.72
5	Dimapur	2850	61.59
6	Phek	87	1.88
7	Tuensang	94	2.03
8	Longleng	38	0.82
9	Kiphire	12	0.26
10	Kohima	569	12.30
11	Peren	76	1.64
	Total	4627	100.00

Source: 6th Economics Census

Table No.9 : Number of Employees in Hotels & Restaurants

Sl.No	District	Total No. of Employees in Hotels	Total No. of Employees in Restaurants	Total	Percentage share of the District
1	Kohima	278	383	661	27.74
2	Dimapur	588	590	1178	49.43
3	Wokha	26	47	73	3.06
4	Mokokchung	48	115	163	6.84
5	Phek	12	42	54	2.27
6	Peren	12	26	38	1.59
7	Tuensang	19	31	50	2.10
8	Kiphire	7	7	14	0.59
9	Zunheboto	14	51	65	2.73
10	Longleng	4	2	6	0.25
11	Mon	14	67	81	3.40
	Total	1022	1361	2383	100.00

Source: Survey of Hotels & Restaurant in Nagaland, 2020

Table No.10 : Total number of Registered Vehicles

Sl.No	Regional/District Transport Offices (RTOs/DTOs)	Truck/Lorries	Buses	Taxis	Sum of the Vehicles registered	Percentage share of the District
1	RTO. Kohima	6771	641	347	7759	88.65
2	RTO. Mokokchung	99	7	9	115	1.31
3	RTO. Dimapur	464	54	189	707	8.08
4	DTO. Tuensang	22	2	2	26	0.30
5	DTO. Wokha	18	1	9	28	0.32
6	DTO. Mon	88	1	4	93	1.06
7	DTO. Zunheboto	1	6		7	0.08
8	DTO. Phek	2		15	17	0.19
	Total	7465	712	575	8752	100.00

Source: Transport Commissioner, Nagaland. (2019-20)

Table No. 11 : District wise Capacity of Godownm

Sl.No	District	Capacity of Godown (in MT)	Percentage share of the Districts
1	Dimapur	130	1.30
2	Kiphire	790	7.92
3	Kohima	1500	15.04
4	Longleng	800	8.02
5	Mokokchung	1185	11.88
6	Mon	1100	11.03
7	Peren	860	8.62
8	Phek	980	9.82
9	Tuensang	780	7.82
10	Wokha	870	8.72
11	Zunheboto	980	9.82
	Total	9975	100.00

Source: Dept. of Food and Civil Supplies, Nagaland.

Table No.12 : District wise Household with TV and Mobile Phone

SN	District	No.of household	Percentage of Households with TV	No. of Household with TV	Ratio of district wise HH with TV	Percentage of Households with Mobile	No. of Household with Mobile	Ratio of district wise HH with Mobile	District wise share of Household with TV and Mobile phone
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Dimapur	78605	65.8	51722	33.98	69.2	54395	28.04	31.01
2	Kiphire	14771	12.8	1891	1.24	28.7	4239	2.18	1.71
3	Kohima	54391	55.8	30350	19.94	69.4	37747	19.46	19.70
4	Longleng	11985	14.8	1774	1.17	31.5	3775	1.95	1.56
5	Mokok-chung	42690	47.7	20363	13.38	48.1	20534	10.58	11.98
6	Mon	41978	13.7	5751	3.78	29.8	12509	6.45	5.11
7	Peren	18475	23.2	4286	2.82	38.8	7168	3.69	3.26
8	Phek	36639	25.2	9233	6.07	41	15022	7.74	6.90
9	Tuensang	36742	19.7	7238	4.76	33.4	12272	6.33	5.54
10	Wokha	31891	32.8	10460	6.87	41.8	13330	6.87	6.87
11	Zunheboto	27835	32.8	9130	6.00	46.8	13027	6.71	6.36
	Total	396002		152198	100.00		194019	100.00	100.00

Source: Census 2011, House Listing

Table No.13 : District-wise Advances disbursed by Banking Institutions, Nagaland 2020-21

Sl. No	District	Advances of Bank as on 31.3.2021 (Rs. in lakh)	District wise percentage of Advances made by Banks
1	Kohima	137399.40	21.05
2	Dimapur	300364.05	46.02
3	Longleng	7306.31	1.12
4	Mon	20178.06	3.09
5	Kiphire	11581.92	1.77
6	Mokokchung	60694.23	9.30
7	Wokha	24483.91	3.75
8	Zunheboto	25493.54	3.91
9	Phek	21906.00	3.36
10	Tuensang	28718.28	4.40
11	Peren	14531.77	2.23
	Total	652657.47	100.00

Source: Lead bank, Kohima

Table No. 14 : Number of Household in Nagaland

SN	District	No. of household	Percentage of share of the District
1	Dimapur	78605	19.85
2	Kiphire	14771	3.73
3	Kohima	54391	13.74
4	Longleng(N/A)	11985	3.03
5	Mokokchung	42690	10.78
6	Mon	41978	10.60
7	Peren	18475	4.67
8	Phek	36639	9.25
9	Tuensang	36742	9.28
10	Wokha	31891	8.05
11	Zunheboto	27835	7.03
	Total	396002	100.00

Source: Census 2011

Table No. 15, Professional, Scientific & Technical Activities

SN	District	Number of person employed	Percentage of share of the District
1	Dimapur	259	36.89
2	Kiphire	0	0.00
3	Kohima	114	16.24
4	Longleng	104	14.81
5	Mokokchung	103	14.67
6	Mon	29	4.13
7	Peren	9	1.28
8	Phek	16	2.28
9	Tuensang	13	1.85
10	Wokha	41	5.84
11	Zunheboto	14	1.99
	Total	702	100.00

Source: 6th Economics Census

Table No.16, Number of Employees under the District Administration

SN	District	Number of employees	Percentage of the Employees
1	Dimapur	317	8.17
2	Kiphire	254	6.55
3	Kohima	469	12.09
4	Longleng	238	6.14
5	Mokokchung	322	8.30
6	Mon	455	11.73
7	Peren	196	5.05
8	Phek	274	7.07
9	Tuensang	455	11.73
10	Wokha	443	11.42
11	Zunheboto	455	11.73
	Total	3878	100.00

Source : Personnel Information Management System, Government of Nagaland, 2018



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