SUMMARY

The Village Level Development Indicators 2016 Report has contained information on 1326 Villages under 75 Blocks in 11 Districts in Nagaland. Altogether, there are 266581 Households having a total population of 1319843 for the surveyed villages as per the 2011 census. Some of the key findings of the survey are:

- Out of 1326 villages in the State, 1325 villages were electrified. Aboiri village under Tamlu block of Longleng District is the only village in the state without electricity. This indicates that around 99.92 per cent villages in the state have been electrified.
- 644 villages were connected by surface road, 1317 villages by unsurface road. Some of the villages were connected by both surface and unsurface road.
- 192 villages were accessed by Government transport facility and 942 villages by Private means of transport.
- 1308 villages out of 1326 villages in the state were availing Telephone service (Mobile, WLL etc.) showing 98.50 per cent. 18 villages in the state are without telephone service.
- Only 113 villages i.e 8.2 per cent of the state total villages were availing the internet facility.
- 22.32 percent i.e 296 villages were covered by the postal service in the state.
- 1306 villages (98.49%) in the state have Government primary School which shows only 20 villages in the state are without Government Primary School. 131 villages have private primary school consisting of only 9.87 per cent. In the category of middle school 609 villages have Government Middle School and 78 villages have Private Middle School. Similarly, 202 villages have Government High School and 55 villages have Private High School. 20 villages have both Government and Private Higher Secondary School.
- 127 villages i.e 9.57 per cent in the state were accessed to library facility.

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- 494 villages have Dispensary/sub center, 170 villages have Primary Health Center (PHC) and 52 villages have Community Health Center. 18 villages (i.e 1.35 %) in the state have Hospital facility. 58 villages have Veterinary Dispensary.
- 1190 villages have Village Community Hall, 1184 villages have Play Ground facility, and 434 villages have Marketing Shed.
- Anganwadi Center spread to around 1259 villages (94.94%) in the state with 331 villages having Fair Price Shop.
- 677 villages in the state were availing the facility of PHE (Public Health Engineering), 350 villages were maintaining Public Drainage System, 684 villages have Proper Footpath and 563 villages have Public Toilet System.
- Tuensang district has the highest number of block with 9 blocks whereas Peren district has the lowest with 4 blocks.
- Kohima village under Kohima district and Chukitong village under Wokha district were the two villages which availed the maximum basic amenities where they availed 26 out of 31 basic amenities in the state. On the other hand, Metonger village under Pungro block in Kiphire district was the least basic amenities availing village where only two basic amenities namely electricity and telephone service were accessible to this village. This is followed by Jenthy village, Ceoeyevong village both under pungro block in Kiphire district.
- As per the survey report, on average Kohima district and Phek district were the two most basic amenities availing districts in the state whereas Longleng district and Kiphire district were the two least availing basic amenities districts in the state.
- Some of the most availing basic amenities in the state are Electricity, Road, Telephone service, Government Primary school and Anganwadi Center. The least availing basic amenities in the state are Veterinary Dispensary, Hospital, Community Health Centre and Higher Secondary.

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VILLAGE LEVEL DEVELOPMENT INDICATORS (VLDI)

- Kohima District: Kohima district has 7 blocks having 98 villages. The district has 100% accessed to Electricity, Road connectivity, Telephone Service and Government Primary School. Some of the least availing basic amenities in the district are Hospital, Higher Secondary school both Government and Private and Community Health Center.
- Dimapur District: The district has the highest number of villages in the state with 228 villages under 8 blocks. The district has 100% accessibility in the areas of Electricity and Telephone service. Hospital, Village Library and Government means of Transport were the least availing basic amenities in the district.
- Mokokchung District: It has 103 villages and 8 blocks. Some of the 100% availing basic amenities are Electricity, Telephone service and road connectivity. Four villages in the district do not have Government Primary school as per the survey. Some of the lacking basic amenities in the district are Hospital, Community Health Center and Higher Secondary School.
- Wokha District: Wokha district has got 5 blocks and 147 villages. The district has 100% accessibility to Electricity, Road connectivity, Private means of transport, Telephone service, Government Primary School and Village Community Hall. Some of the least availing basic amenities are Higher Secondary School, Hospital and Internet.
- Zunheboto District: Zunheboto district has a total number of 179 villages under 8 blocks. It has 100% facility only in the area of Electricity. zaphmi village is the only village in the district without Telephone service. Four Villages, namely, Lumthsami, Lumami, Khughoto and Punebooa do not have Government Primary School. Some of the least availed basic amenities in the district are Hospital, Internet and Higher Secondary School.
- Tuensang District: Tuensang district has the highest number of blocks with 9 blocks having 122 villages. All the villages in the district have Electricity, Road connectivity and Government Primary School. 17 villages in the district were without telephone service. The least availing basic amenities in the district are Hospital, Veterinary Dispensary and Government means of transport.

- **Phek District:** There are 99 villages under 8 blocks in Phek district. All the villages were electrified, connected by Road, have Telephone service, have Government Primary School and Village Community Hall. Some of the least available basic amenities in the district are Internet facility, Hospital and Higher Secondary school.
- Mon District: It has 118 villages under 8 blocks. All the villages in Mon district have 100% basic amenities in the areas of Electricity, Telephone service and Government Primary school. The district lack basic amenities in Internet facility, Hospital and Higher Secondary School.
- Peren District: The district has a total number of 100 villages under 4 blocks. Peren district has 100% availability of basic amenities in Electricity, Road connectivity, Telephone service and Government Primary School. The district lacks in the areas of Community Health Center, Village Library and Higher Secondary.
- Longleng District: Longleng district has the least number of villages with 45 villages under 5 blocks among the districts in Nagaland. Road connectivity and Telephone service were the two basic amenities availed by all the villages in the district. Aboiri village is the only village in the district without electricity. Also 3 villages namely, Aboiri village, Ametchong (UR) and Namching Compound do not have Government Primary School. Internet, Higher Secondary, Community Health Center, Hospital, Veterinary Dispensary and Proper Drainage System are some of the lacking facilities.
- Kiphire District: Kiphire district has got 87 villages under 5 blocks. The district has 100% basic amenities in Electricity and Telephone service. Four (4) villages, namely, Vongva, Ceoeyevong, Jenthy and Metonger do not have Government Primary School. Some of the least available basic amenities in the district are Internet facility, Hospital, Higher Secondary and Veterinary Dispensary.

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